Zagadnienia na egzamin z DMRF

3 pytania, po jednym oznaczonym D (max. 1 pkt), T (max. 2 pkt.), O (max. 2 pkt), liczba punktów = ocena z egzaminu

SINGLE STEP BINOMIAL MARKET MODEL

- 1.(O1) A general description (the main assumptions, modelling stock and bond prices).
- 2.(D1) Definition of an arbitrage (in the primary market). No Arbitrage Principle.
- 3.(T1) NAP in the single step binomial model theorem + proof.
- 4.(D2) Definition of a derivative security and its replicating portfolio.
- 5.(D3) Definition of an arbitrage (in the extended market). No Arbitrage Principle.
- 6.(T2) Computation of a fair price of a given derivative security using replicating portfolio: theorem + proof.
- 7.(D4) Definition of a risk-neutral measure. Formula for risk-neutral probability in binomial model.
- 8.(T3) Computation of a fair price of a given derivative security using risk neutral measure: theorem + proof.

SINGLE STEP TRINOMIAL MARKET MODEL

- 9.(O2) Problem of a replication in trinomial model. Is it always possible? Give some example and counterexample.
- 10.(D5) Definition of a super- and a sub-replicating portfolio and super- and sub-replication price of a given derivative security.
- 11.(D6) No-arbitrage interval: definition.
- 12.(O3) No-arbitrage interval: properties (choose one and give a proof).
- 13.(O4) Risk-neutral measure in trinomial model the question of existence and uniquess. The sufficient and necessary condition for the existence of a risk-neutral measure in trinomial model.
- 14.(D7) Definition of the interval I_H .
- 15.(T4) The theorem about the price taken from the interval I_H + proof.
- 16.(O5) Relation between no-arbitrage interval and I_H (without the proof).
- 17.(O6) The description of two methods of computing a sub- and a super-replicating portfolio.

A GENERAL FINITE SINGLE STEP MARKET MODEL

- 18.(D8) The definition of a risk-neutral measure.
- 19.(T5) The First Fundamental Theorem of Asset Pricing (+ proof of easier implication).

- 20.(D9) The definition of a complete market model + example and counterexample.
- 21.(T6) The Second Fundamental Theorem of Asset Pricing (+ proof of easier implication).
- 22.(O7) Why we aim to work within the setup of a complete model? Explain what are the methods of pricing derivative securites in such a model.

GENERAL PROPERTIES OF DERIVATIVE PRICES

- 23.(T7) Law of One Price + proof.
- 24.(T8) Put-call parity + proof.

MULTI-STEP BINOMIAL MODEL

- 25.(O8) A general description (the main assumptions, modelling stock and bond prices).
- 26.(O9) Construction of a filtration in a multi-step model.
- 27.(D10) A conditional expectation definition.
- 28.(T9) A conditional expectation w.r.t. a sigma-field generated by a partition formula + proof.
- 29.(O10) A conditional expectation properties.
- 30.(D11) Definition of a martingale.
- 31.(T10) The expected value of a martingale: property + proof.
- 32.(D12) Definition of a strategy and its value in a multi-step model.
- 33.(D13) Defintion of a self-financing strategy.
- 34.(D14) Definition of an arbitrage (on the primary market).
- 35.(D15) Definition of a martingale measure.
- 36.(O11) What property is satisfied for the process of discounted values of a self financing strategy under the risk neutral measure? Give a proof.
- 37.(D16) Definition of a derivative security (path-dependent and path-independent).
- 38.(D17) Definition of a strategy on the extended market and its value.
- 39.(D18) Definition of an arbitrage on the extended market.
- 40.(D19) Definition of a process of fair prices of a derivative security.
- 41.(T11) The Law of One Price in multi-step model + proof.
- 42.(O12) Definition of a replicating strategy and its relation to the fair price of derivative security which it replicates.
- 43.(O13) The consequences of the existence of a martingale measure for attainable derivative securities + proof.

- 44.(T12) CRR formula for the call option + proof.
- 45.(D20) Fundamental Theorems of Asset Pricing in general multi-step model.
- 46.(O14) Why we aim to work within the setup of a complete model? Explain what are the methods of pricing derivative securites in such a model.
- 47.(O15) Explain the idea of a delta hedging.

DERIVATIVE SECURITIES OF AMERICAN TYPE

- 48.(D21) Definition of a derivative security of an American type.
- 49.(D22) Definition of an exercise strategy.
- 50.(D23) Definition of a payoff relative to a given exercise strategy.
- 51.(D24) Definition of an arbitrage on the market extende by a given American option.
- 52.(D25) Defitnion of a process of fair prices of a given American option.
- 53.(O16) Pricing American options: idea + formula (without proof).
- 54.(D26) Definition of a supermartingale.
- 55.(D27) Definition of a Snell envelope + example from finance.
- 56.(O17) The property of a Snell envelope + proof.
- 57.(T13) Doob's decomposition theorem + proof.
- 58.(D28) Definition of a compensator of a stochastic process.
- 59.(D29) Doob's Optional Smapling Theorem.
- 60.(D30) Definition of an optimal exercise strategy.
- 61.(D31) Definition of the exercise strategy τ_H .
- 62.(O18) Main properties of τ_H (choose one and give a proof).
- 63.(O19) The question of replication of an American option (what does it mean to "replicate an American option"? Is it always possible to replicate it?)
- 64.(O20) How to hedge an American option?